OLD ENGLAND.

By ARGUS CENTOCULI, *Inſpector-General of* Great-Britain.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 15, 1747. [N°. 172.]

Emporii tempus nunc eſt, ſi fluxerit illud
Poſtea jam nulli quærere lucra licet. CLAUD.

THOSE who imagine there have been two *Coalitions* in the M——y, ſince the Expulſion of *Leviathan*, are miſtaken; for though ſome few Chiefs of his *wretched Remains* found Means to be continued in Poſſeſſion of their Places at that Juncture, yet they were not admitted into any Share of Power: Their Province was to act in Subordination, and execute their ſeveral Offices under Direction; and even this Favour they could not obtain without great Difficulty, Aſſurance of implicit Obedience, and intereſting ſuch *an Advocate* as could not be reſiſted, with Decency, to vouch for their Acquieſcence and future State of Quietiſm. As an Inducement to credit their Aſſeverations of Submiſſion, they appeal'd to their Conduct under their late corrupt Maſter, whom they *deny'd* in the Day of Tribulation, and though he look'd ſorrowfully at them, they had not the Virtue to *go out and weep*; but, when he could no longer ſerve them, utterly diſclaim'd his Tranſactions, and made a Merit of having acted only as the Inſtruments of his Power, without being let into his Counſels, and the Motives of his pernicious Meaſures.

This was a ſtrange Way of deprecating, as the Apology manifeſtly ſhew'd, not only the Contempt they were held in by their former Maſter, but mark'd them with the Stigma of Meanneſs and Proſtitution, which ought to have been attended with a general Vote to render them, as Nature had before, incapable of *public Service*, ſince they ſtood ſelf-convicted, and that their very Defence became their Accuſation. The Wiſdom of the Law will admit of no Acceſſary in Murder, but makes all concerned in it Principals: Why ſhould not, what we may well call, *State-Murder*, be conſider'd in the ſame Light? as indeed it is in a great Meaſure in this free Country, where an unconſtitutional Command of the Sovereign is puniſh'd on the Miniſter who adviſ'd it, permitted it, or put it in Execution: Much leſs ſtands that Man guiltleſs, who has no other Plea than the Command of a Miniſter, and his own Ignorance, to ſupport him in an Act of Violence upon the Conſtitution of his Country.

It was imputed to the late Duke of *Ormond*, as an Act of Treaſon, that he had obey'd the Orders of a Secretary of State, in his inactive Command in *Flanders*; and ſurely we can't forget, that he, who was moſt clamorous againſt that *amiable great Character*, however miſled, was driven, not long ago, to the Pinch of excuſing himſelf to the World, tho' not in Form before a Tribunal of Juſtice, under the Act of a Miniſter: 'Tis to *his* hot-headed Zeal the moſt noble Houſe of *Ormond*, which has ſo long grac'd our Courts and adorn'd the Annals of our Country, owes its Deſtruction; as it was *he*, at the Head of a hired profligate Mob, that drove him from his Houſe, from his Country, and the Mercy of our late King; who, as he could never be induc'd to believe that this brave Man had *wittingly* offended, had open'd his Royal Boſom to receive him; which that unfortunate Nobleman was unhappily drawn in to miſtruſt, more from the Violence of the diſſolute *Clodius*, than the Inſinuations of Party-Malignants.

But I have digreſs'd.——There are Times and Seaſons when it is more prudent to *forbear* than to puniſh, as the latter might throw the State into Convulſions, and that no other Inconvenience could ariſe from the former than *ſuſpending* the Day of Vengeance: Hence *Leviathan* ſeem'd to withdraw with Impunity, and his *Remains* to enjoy the Stations they had acquir'd under *Corruption*. Such, whoſe Objects of Patriotiſm were founded on the intereſted Views of lucrative Poſts, grew impatient, and, miſconſtruing the Neceſſity of temporizing 'till Matters could be put upon the ſolid Baſis of Safety, conceived themſelves neglected, and ſo inflam'd the People into Diſcontent and Murmurs; which prompting the little Cunning of the *Remains* into Action, they improv'd to their own particular Service, by throwing in their Agents among the Throng to ſwell the popular Clamour, which had taken Riſe from an Act of Lenity in their own Favour; prodigious Ingratitude! literally verifying the old Adage of ſaving a Delinquent from Puniſhment to deſtroy one's ſelf:—But why ſhould I thus mince the Matter? Take it then *in Terminis: Save a Thief from the Gallows, and he will cut your Throat.* Reſolv'd to keep no Terms, and abandon even the very Show of Decency, theſe Ingrates involv'd their more-than-generous Benefactor, who had condeſcended to interpoſe between them and the Hand of Juſtice, in the general Cry. Hence ingermined the Seeds of Rebellion at home, and Invaſions from abroad!

Affinity of Manners and common intereſted Views reconciled the Beaſts of Prey, ſo as to engroſs the ſpacious Foreſt to themſelves: This produced the *Coalition* againſt the Lord of the Soil and his new Ranger. Poſterity will be at a Loſs to account for this monſtrous Junction! That the *Remains* of the *Patriots*, who, virtuous even to Madneſs, had made a Point of running down the Founder of *Corruption*, could ever ſtoop ſo very low, as not only to act in Concert with the *Remains* of *Leviathan*, but to receive Law from them, and re-eſtabliſh thoſe very Meaſures which they had ſo long and ſo juſtly oppos'd, pronounc'd iniquitous, and deſtructive of the public Good! Does not a Conduct like this reflect Diſhonour upon themſelves and the Cauſe of Liberty? Do they not, by their Deſertion, recant the Aſſiſtance they gave to the glorious *Oppoſition* againſt miniſterial Pride, Tyranny, and Corruption? Do they not own that their Oppoſition was not founded in Virtue, and that conſequently they are convinced of the Rectitude of *Leviathan*'s Meaſures? Or they have done ill in diſtreſſing his Adminiſtration, or in withdrawing themſelves from the Liſt of real *Patriots*, is a natural Conſequence of juſt Reaſoning: Let them chuſe which Station they pleaſe, they can't ſtand juſtified in either; or this Way or that Way they have done ill.

If there be a Man whoſe Front is hardy enough to deny that the Meaſures purſued by the *Coalition*, are founded on the ſame Plan, and carry'd on with the ſame Views, and after the ſame corrupt Manner, as thoſe of *Leviathan*, I appeal to common Obſervation in Juſtification of my Aſſertion, with this Difference only, that they are much worſe conducted, with leſs Regard to Decency, and with more Danger and Offence both to Prerogative and Privilege. To illuſtrate theſe Truths by Examples would be too tedious, and indeed needleſs: 'Tis a plentiful Harveſt, and blunts the Edge of the Sickle: They abound, as *Shakeſpear*'s merry Knight ſays, like Blackberries. Let the ineffectual Management of the War ſtand foremoſt in the Liſt of their Blunders; that Gulph which drains us of our Men, and ſwallows up our Money: *This* enriches our inanimated Allies, and *That* the Soil of *Flanders*! O Shame! and yet the Enemy are at our Doors. The Courage and Experience of our Chiefs, and the Bravery of our Troops, inſtead of of conquering, ſerve only to exterminate themſelves and us, if not properly ſupported. Have we not ſeen them in a ſtarving Condition for many Days, more than once, and yet not a ſingle Purveyor hang'd, for Purveyors have formidable Partners in the Gains of Iniquity, as well as the oppreſſive Remitters of Money? Thus neglected are our Troops, and thus miſapplied is the Produce of our exorbitant Taxes. In vain his Majeſty's *Britiſh* and *Electoral* Troops have emulated one another in the well-fought, but unſucceſsful Field of Battle; in vain, with equal Valour, they juſtify'd themſelves, in the bloody Scenes of *Fontenoy* and *Val*, againſt the *unembarraſs'd* Front of Calumny and Defamation: The Rivilers of our conquering Arms at *Dettingen* ſeem to have drawn down a national Judgment upon us, and driven Victory into the Enemy's Camp, where ſhe ſeems to have fix'd her Standard upon the Helmet of that fortunate Chief, who, like Victory, made a Tender of his Experience firſt to us, and, like Victory, was rejected: Pearls were caſt before the Swine!

Tho' it has been evident, from the Beginning of the War, that the *French*, not only take our Towns, but beat us in the Field, by the ſuperior Force of their Artillery, we have indolently look'd on their Terrors, and never endeavour'd to match them; tho' there is no Doubt, if the *Engliſh* Genius of improving Inventions had been encourag'd and exerted, we might have gone beyond them. Proceeds this Neglect from Deſpondency, Infatuation, or from ſomewhat worſe? *Milton*'s Devils, when overpower'd by the Thunder of Heaven, were not idle, but invented mimic Engines againſt the next Battle: We, more degenerate than theſe infernal Warriors, have quite loſt the natural Virtue of Self-Defence, and tamely preſent the Throat to the Butcher's Knife. Whence then, I muſt aſk again, proceeds this Liſtleſsneſs and Indiſpoſition to vigorous Meaſures? Not from Treaſon ſurely! for there are Men of great Eſtates in the *Coalition*, and therefore can't be well ſuſpected of betraying the Public wilfully, as their own private Property and particular Intereſts would become involv'd in the general Calamity; nor can an Intention of ſubverting the Proteſtant Succeſſion, be with any Colour of Reaſon imputed to them, as they have given undeniable Inſtances of Attachment to it in their ſeveral private Capacities. — No! it is not Treaſon of that kind we have Reaſon to fear, but the Danger flows from the Rage of Ambition, and immoderate Luſt of Governing, without Genius or Experience for it: Bred up in a bad School they learnt vicious Leſſons, and can never ſhake off the Prejudice of founding Dominion in Corruption, and graſping at Power with a dying Hand, rather than own a Superior, and reſign the Helm of Direction, for the general, and conſequently for their own particular Good, into more able Hands.

The Talents, requiſite for the Formation of a Stateſman, are various and refin'd, ſeldom meeting in one Perſon. I think the late Earl of *Sunderland* had a proper Genius for Government: He became conſpicuous in the Midſt of *able* Men in the late Reign, and ſhone at the Head of Buſineſs in Council long before he got hold of the Helm of Power. Count *Gillemberg* mentions him in his famous Correſpondence with his Brother Miniſter in *Holland*, as influencing the public Affairs at Court in his Time. He had a high Contempt of the *Norfolk Faction*, and would not co-operate

with them nor admit them into the Receſſes of his Councils: He conſider'd the furious Violence of one of its Chiefs, as injurious to the Intereſt of his Royal Maſter, and fitter for a Board of *Exciſe* than for that of the Council; and that the little crafty Genius of the other had better diſtinguiſh'd him among the Brokers of *Exchange-Alley*, than at *Weſtminſter*. 'Tis remarkable, that, during the Adminiſtration of this great Man, Dunces were out of Faſhion in the State; I will not ſay at Court, where there are Varieties of Stations ſuitable to every Capacity: A white S—— may be wielded by any Man; but in Buſineſs he always fix'd upon a Genius; and, as it is ſaid of *Robin Hood*, he try'd his Man before he enliſted him among his Worthies. Tho' he did bold and enterprizing Things, yet they were judicious, and the Nation had the Benefit of them. His Character was attack'd by the Malice of the *Faction*, and purſued with lying Rancour even after his Death, which however rather brighten'd than ſully'd it. The ſame mean Spirit of Detraction ſurvives in the *Remains* of the Survivor; who, like him, dread great Abilities, and therefore, like him, crowd up the Gap of Acceſs into the public Service, ſo as none can paſs that have more Senſe and Experience than their good Neighbours, nor without the Watch-Word COALITION.

Errata: *In our laſt Letter*, l. 22. *for* Buttreſs *read* Battery; *in the laſt Line*, *for* retrieve *read* relieve.

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The *JUBILADE*. An ODE.

In a Paraphraſtical Imitation of the 5th Ode of Horace, Book IV. with Additions.

Humbly addreſſed to his MAJESTY on his Abſence abroad, and the glorious Succeſs of his Arms.

Armaque in Armatos ſumere jura ſinunt. OVID.
Ardua ſollicitis victoria quæritur armis. Ibid.

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LONDON.

Thurſday the Right Hon. the Lord Chancellor, the Earls of Pembroke and Waldegrave, and Lord Monſon, attended in the Houſe of Peers, and being ſeated in their Robes, the Commons were ſent for, who accordingly came, attended by the Serjeant at Arms, and Nicholas Harding, Eſq; Clerk of the Houſe.

Then the Return of the Sixteen Peers of Scotland was read.

And then a Commiſſion, directed to the above mention'd Lords, and others, was read.

After which the Right Hon. the Lord Chancellor, by Virtue of the ſaid Commiſſion, and by his Majeſty's Special Command, prorogued the Parliament to Thurſday the 10th of September next.

And we hear a Proclamation will be then iſſued out for ſummoning the Parliament to meet and ſit for the Diſpatch of Buſineſs, about the Middle of November.

The Sixteen Peers returned for Scotland.

Duke of Gordon.	Earl of Home.
Duke of Argyll.	Earl of Lauderdale.
Marquis of Tweedale.	Earl of Loudoun.
Marquis of Lothian.	Earl of Finlater.
Earl of Craufurd.	Earl of Leven.
Earl of Rothes.	Earl of Aberdeen.
Earl of Morton.	Earl of Dunmore.
Earl of Moray.	Earl of Hyndford.

It is ſaid, that the Revenue of the Exciſe of England, Scotland, and Wales, amounted laſt Year to 3,847,000.

Monday ſome Officers of the Cuſtoms ſeized in Holborn a Higler's Cart, laden with Tea and Brandy, which they carried to the Cuſtom-houſe.

They write from Feverton in Suffolk, that laſt Thurſday 7-Night a Company of Soldiers ſurprized a Gang of Smugglers, conſiſting of 18, three of whom were taken with a large Quantity of Tea, Brandy, and other Run Goods. The Smugglers were ſent to the County Goal, and the Goods to Ipſwich.

Thurſday Morning the Hon. Thomas Howard, Eſq; Son to the Right Hon. the Earl of Suffolk, was married to Miſs Kingſcott, an agreeable young Lady with a Fortune of 10,000l.

Laſt Friday 7-Night the Aſſizes for the County of Eſſex, held before the Right Hon. the Lord Chief Juſtice Lee, ended at Chelmsford, when the three following Perſons received Sentence of Death, viz.

A young Man of a very reputable Family of this City, for robbing Mr. Thomas Rowell, one of his Majeſty's Meſſengers, near Maryland-Point, of forty-nine Sequins, ſome Portugal Pieces, and his Watch. He was in a Poſt-Chaiſe, Expreſs, with an Account of the Advantage gain'd by the Allies in Italy.

Matthias Keys, for robbing on the Highway. He was Accomplice with William Ruſſel the Highwayman, who was executed laſt July was Twelvemonth at Tyburn.

Thomas Giles, who call'd himſelf William Chambers, for robbing Capt. Manley on Epping Foreſt. He kept an Alehouſe in New-Bond-Street.

The Judge was pleaſed to order them to be executed next Friday; and we hear the firſt will be hang'd in Chains, having robb'd a Poſt-Chaiſe, if he be not pardon'd; which there is a great Probability of, as we are told the Count Oſſorio, the Sardinian Miniſter, to whom the Expreſs was coming, is generouſly making Interceſſion to his Majeſty for his Life.

Extract of a Letter from Cheſter, Auguſt 8.

"Juſt now an Account is come, that a French Privateer of 8 Guns and 60 Men, was taken between this Port and Holyhead, on Wedneſday laſt. She was purſued by the Baſborough Galley (now a Cuſtom-houſe Smack) to the Flintſhire Coaſt, where ſhe landed about half her Crew, conſiſting of Scotch and Iriſh, before ſhe was taken. Their Deſign in Coming ſo high up the Iriſh Channel was, as they owned to cut the Yatcht out of Dublin Bay, which they might eaſily have effected, conſidering the defenceleſs State of that Place. We hear, three of the Crew who eſcaped to Land, are taken up and committed to Flint Jail; and there is a ſharp Look-out for the Reſt. The Privateer was carried to Dublin to be condemn'd.

Our Aſſizes ended this Day, when one Hayes, a Drummer in General Barrel's Regiment, received Sentence of Death, for the Murder of a Labourer in the Salt-Works at Northwith. —— The Quarrel begun by the Drummer's aſking the Deceaſed if he would enliſt into the King's ſervice? he being Drummer to a Recruiting Captain; to which the Deceaſed returned a very ill-natur'd, and, ſome ſay, a diſloyal Anſwer; and ſo from Words they went to Blows, but were ſoon parted; and the Fray was thought to be quite over. But ſome ſmall Time after, the Drummer ſeeing the Deceas'd enter one of the Salt-Houſes, followed him in, and began the Quarrel afreſh; and whilſt they were fighting, the Drummer retreated, and drawing out his Hanger, ſtruck the Deceas'd in the Belly in ſuch a Manner, that his Bowels came out. He ſurvived the Wound not above 39 Hours. His Captain, Serjeant and others appear'd in Court to his Character, and ſaid he behav'd himſelf peaceably and well for the three Years he has been in the Regiment."

We hear that Hurlock, the Gunſmith, executed a few Days ſince at Tyburn for Murder, and afterwards hang'd in Chains near Stamford-Hill, is order'd to be taken down, on Account of the Heat, the Stench of his Body being a Nuiſance to the Inhabitants of the Neighbourhood, and put up on the Common on the Right of Tottenham Turnpike.

A few Days ſince one Matthew Pope, a Lad of 13 Years of Age, Son of a Clog maker in Petty-France, Weſtminſter, hang'd himſelf out of a Two Pair of Stairs back Window: It ſeems he had been denied the Liberty of going abroad, on which he got a large Nail, and drove it into the Window-Frame, and tied a Cord to it, then put it round his Neck, and got out of the Window.

Yeſterday 7-Night a melancholy Accident happened in Holborn: A Gentleman, who has been ill ſome Years, and lately diſorder'd in his Senſes, got out of his own Chamber into his Siſter's, an antient Gentlewoman, with a Poker concealed under his Night-Gown, and after breaking the gilt Sconces, beat her in ſuch a violent Manner, that it is feared her Life is in great Danger.

On Friday 7-Night Mrs. Briſcow, Lady of —— Britcow, Eſq; of Cleveland-Row, St. James's, had the Misfortune to fall down Stairs as ſhe was viſiting in Channon-Row, Weſtminſter, and fractur'd her Scull, and is now under the Care of ſeveral Surgeons.

Thurſday a young Man, Servant to a Wine-Cooper in the City, had the Misfortune to have his Hand tore all to Pieces, as he was firing off a Gun; he was immediately carried to the London Infirmary, where his Arm was oblig'd to be cut off as ſoon as poſſible.

As ſome Nightmen were emptying a Neceſſary-Houſe Yeſterday 7 Night, at the Swan in Keat-ſtreet, Spitalfields, they took up the Body of a young Child, whoſe Head had been terribly bruiſed, the Body ripped open, and appear'd to be lately thrown in; and on Saturday a Woman was taken into Cuſtody, on Suſpicion of being guilty of ſo cruel an Act.

They write from Cambridge, that on Monday the 3d Inſtant, the Son of Mr. Hurſt, a Cook in that Town, a Child about Five Years of Age, being with other Children on Jeſus Green, and gathering a Berry, which looks much like a Black-Cherry, called *Deadly Nightſhade*, and eating of it was poiſoned, and expired the next Morning in great Agonies.

On Saturday laſt, as the Gunner of the Prince of Orange Packet-Boat, was cleaning one of the Guns, the ſame went off, and took away his Left-Arm, and otherwiſe bruiſed and burnt him in ſuch a Manner, that his Life is deſpair'd of.

Monday a new Ship for the Service of the Eaſt-India Company was launch'd at Blackwall: The Command of her was given to Captain Peirce, and is called the Egcott.

Monday arrived an Expreſs from Fluſhing, by which we learn that the French daily gain upon Bergen-op-Zoom, tho' only Inch by Inch, and with an extraordinary Slaughter of Men.

Thurſday in the Afternoon a Ship arrived in the River from Holland, the Maſter of which gives the following Account; "That on Saturday laſt the French made an Attack againſt Bergen-op-Zoom, with all the Grenadiers of the Army under the Command of Count Lowendahl and at the ſame had contriv'd to ſpring a Mine, on the Succeſs of which they had put their whole Dependence, but that General Cronſtrom being apprized of it, had in order'd it, that the Mine was ſprung while the French were on it, by which Means ſix whole Companies of Grenadiers were deſtroy'd, except about 20 Men, who were made Priſoners: That a Sally was made in Conſequence of this, by which the Garriſon diſlodg'd the Beſiegers from the Covered Way, and drove them, Sword in Hand, beyond the Palliſadoes; ſo that they are now juſt where they ſet out, with the Loſs of above 10,000 Men."—— If this agreeable News proves true, we may venture to ſay, that both Lowendahl, and his Patron Count Saxe, will ſplit on the Rock of Bergen-op-Zoom.

It is ſaid, there is a great Sickneſs in the Army of Count Lowendahl, occaſioned by the extreme Scarcity of freſh Water.

The Suſpence we are kept in, with reſpect to Bergen-op-Zoom, being likely to continue ſome Time longer, it may be acceptable to our Readers to communicate ſome Circumſtances relating to this great Object of our preſent Attention, which may help them to conjecture moſt probable of its Fate. In its Defence may be reckoned the Strength of the Fortification, which can receive no Addition from the preſent State of that Art; the plentiful Proviſion of every Sort of Ammunition; and a Garriſon that has already demonſtrated its Ability and Determination to make Uſe of it. But ſince no Place can by Art be rendered impregnable, nor Skill or Reſolution prevail againſt Knowledge or ſuperior Force; neither this nor any other conſtructed Place can reſiſt Attacks ſo conducted. What gives this Place however a preſent Advantage is, the Reinforcement it may conſtantly receive from the Lines; ſo that ſuppoſing a Breach made in the Body of the Place, it is not under a Neceſſity of yielding, as an inveſted Town would be, ſince Entrenchments may ſtill be thrown up within the Ramparts, and the Enemy have a Strength to overcome not to be forced without treble their Number.

The Reſolution and Experience of the preſent Commander General Cronſtrom, leave no Doubt of the making every poſſible Defence; ſo that ſuppoſing the French carry the Ramparts by an Aſſault, which they can neither prepare their Attack for, nor carry without infinite Loſs, they will not yet be Maſters of the Place.

It is moſt likely from hence, that the Conteſt will end at the Lines, which cannot well happen till the French are powerfully reinforced, and this is daily expected, what has been mentioned of the March of their Army being certain: It is rumour'd of that of the Allies, that it is two Marches behind them; which, if true, is no deciſive Circumſtance, ſince the Lines can hardly be forced in ſo little a Time. However that may be, we may judge, that the French themſelves are diffident of their Succeſs, and expect very warm Work in whatever they propoſe attempting; if, as is generally believed, his moſt Chriſtian Majeſty is returning to Verſailles. We may therefore ſuppoſe they are not confident of Succeſs, M. de Saxe being too great a Courtier to deprive his Majeſty of the Honour of being preſent, if the Action was not to be equally hazardous as glorious.

It is again talk'd that there is a great Probability of a ſpeedy Peace with Spain.

They write from Paris of the 12th Inſtant, that the Court had received ſome News from Spain which was not very agreeable to them; and that it was believed, the King would return to Verſailles much ſooner than was expected on that Occaſion.

It is currently reported, that there is an Inſurrection in the Province of Arragon in Spain; which it is ſaid, is ſupported by a Party who are ſpirited up by the Queen Dowager, and her Miniſtry, lately diſplaced.

COUNTRY NEWS.

Goſport, Auguſt 8. On Wedneſday about half an Hour paſt Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon, David Anderſon, William Row, and Michael Hayden, were hanged, purſuant to their Sentence, for Mutiny on board the Namur Man of War: They were executed on board the Royal George Man of War at Spithead.

Wedneſday Morning early Admiral Boſcawen's Flag, with the Blue at the Mizen-Topmaſt Head, was hoiſted on board the Namur in the Harbour; and laſt Night it was ſtruck again; and this Morning early he ſet out for London.

Glocester, Auguſt 8. Laſt Wedneſday the Aſſizes ended here, when the three following Perſons received Sentence of Death, viz Thomas Budd, Robert Hine, and Samuel Baxter, for Robberies on the Highway; the firſt of which is repriev'd; but the two laſt, who had ſeveral Bills of Indictment found againſt them, and have been notorious Offenders, are order'd for Execution on Monday the 17th Inſtant. William Webly, for ſtealing Cyder, was burnt in the Hand, William Foard, for uttering bad Money, knowing it to be ſo, was order'd to remain in Jail for ſix Months, and to find Security for ſix Months afterwards; and a Woman from the City Jail convicted of Petty Larceny, was ſentenced to be whipp'd, which Puniſhment ſhe ſuffer'd this Day. Thomas White, Thomas Cuſs, Jane Lees, Wm. Davis, and Tho. Negle, condemn'd at the preceeding Aſſizes, were ordered to be tranſported for 14 Years.

Newcaſtle, Auguſt 8. Laſt Week Mr. Robert Macfoune, Wine-Merchant in London, having lately come down to the North to viſit his Relations and his Eſtate, happened to meet with a Gentleman of his Acquaintance, on the Road between this Town and Morpeth, and coming out of his Chaiſe, in which alſo was his Son, to pay his Reſpects to the Gentleman, unfortunately broke his Leg. He was immediately carried to Morpeth, where notwithſtanding the great Care taken of his Recovery, he died laſt Tueſday, much lamented.

SCOTLAND.

Edinburgh, Auguſt 4. Laſt Week ſeveral Officers and between 60 or 70 private Men, of the ſecond Battalion of the Scotch Royal, arrived at Leith from Flanders, in order to recruit; we hear ſome of them, who are ſickly and not fit for ſervice, will be diſcharged.

We have the Appearance of a plentiful Crop, and early Harveſt in this Country, where they have begun already to cut down ſome Fields of Corn.

Yeſterday the firſt Stone of the new Concert Hall in the Cannongate was laid, in Preſence of ſeveral Gentlemen, by Mr. Ryan, belonging to the Theatre Royal in Covent-Garden, inſcrib'd thus: *From thee may Harmony ariſe.*

Edinburgh, Auguſt 6. Laſt Week a Huſband and Wife were buried in one Grave at St Andrew's, and the ſame happened in this City on Tueſday laſt.——They all died of Fevers.

Monday laſt died John Haliburton of Howcleugh, Eſq; a Batchelor, and conſiderable Merchant of this City; a Gentleman of great Integrity and Benevolence, and much regretted.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

LOW COUNTRIES.

Head Quarters of the Camp at Rycholt, Aug. 1. *N. S.* The Enemy are entrenched in their new Camp near Tongres, they had work'd ſeveral Days at it before they had quitted their Camp of the Grand Commanderie. It is thought they will detach from their preſent Camp, to reinforce the Corps before Bergen-op-zoom, under the Command of M. Lowendhal. Twenty Battalions are ordered to hold themſelves in Readineſs for that Purpoſe; they give out, that the French King will ſoon return to Verſailles.

Every Thing is ready for an approaching March, which the Army is ordered to hold itſelf in Readineſs to make. The Bridges below the Town of Maeſtricht are all broke up, in order to be tranſported higher up the Meuſe. One has been already thrown over the River at Eſden, a little higher up than Caſtres, and the Engineers have begun to work this Morning at a Tete de Pont.

On the Motions of the Enemy up the River Lieutenant-General Mercey has extended his Poſt higher up above Liege, as far as Quipenpoix. Great Quantities of Forage are preparing for the March of the Army that Way.

A large Convoy of Britiſh Artillery and Ammunition arriv'd Yeſterday in this Camp from Boiſleduc, to replace what was deſtroyed in the late Action.

The Enemy has been obliged already to ſend away from Namur a great Part of the Artillery and Stores which were deſigned for the Siege of Maeſtricht, to ſupply that of Bergen-op-Zoom.

Letters from Bergen-op-Zoom, Auguſt 17. *N. S.* On Tueſday between Eleven and Twelve at Night, the Enemy made an Aſſault upon the Lunette of Zealand, between the Wou-Gata and that of Old Boiſleduc: Our Miners under the Command of Captain Bouquoin, took their Meaſures ſo well, that they ſprung a Mine ſituated on the Works of the French on the Side of the Covert-Way, by which they loſt 200 Men, and great Part of their Works were ruined; notwithſtanding which they advanced, and made the Aſſault upon the ſaid Lunette, but were ſo well received, that they were obliged to retire. Soon after the French having been reinforced, renewed the Attack; Our Soldiers, ſuſtained by the Picquets, repulſed them a ſecond Time. The Action laſted two Hours without Interruption, with a continual Fire from the Muſquetry, and the Cannon from the Batteries. The French having again been reinforced, returned to the Charge Yeſterday Morning at Day-break; our People received them furiouſly with their Bayonets fixed, were ſupported by the Reſerve, and drove them back to the Palliſades. At Six o'Clock we made a Sally to diſlodge them from thence, but in vain. We loſt about 200 Men in the Attacks, and the Enemy 600. Capt. Bouquoin, of the Miners, is wounded in the Shoulder, and it is feared he will not be able to ſerve again very ſoon.

P. S. Nine o'Clock in the Morning. I am juſt now told, that a Party of Volunteers found Means at Day-break to drive the French from the Palliſades, and deſtroy the Works which they had made there.

Rotterdam, Auguſt 18, *N. S.* By all Accounts from the Lines of Bergen-op-Zoom, the French have ſuſpended, if not abandoned the Attack on Fort Rover. Capt. Frazer, of Lord John Murray's Regiment, was kill'd by a Random Shot.

Hague, Auguſt 3. *O. S.* We have ſome priuate Letters from Stockholm which ſay, that there is ſtill a great Fermentation in that Capital, Abundance of People being daily taken up on Account of the late Conſpiracy, as it is called. Mr. Hedman, who was of that Number, and who has undergone ſeveral Examinations, has acquitted himſelf ſo well in the Opinion of his Judges, that it is generally believed he will be ſet at Liberty. As for the Merchant, Mr. Springer, he is ſtill in Priſon, and it is believed Things will go hard with him. The King having confirmed Dr. Blackwell's Sentence, and a Scaffold being actually erected for his Execution, he had deſired the Aſſiſtance of the Clergy, which had been granted him, but the Day of his Execution has been ſince put off.

According to our Letters from Liſbon, the Regiſter Ship that arrived there lately brought Advice, that the Sugar Harveſt was ſo plentiful at Bahia, that the Fleet lately ſent thither would not be by any Means ſufficient to bring home its Produce. At Parnanbuco and Perahiba on the other Hand, it has been very indifferent. By the ſame Ship we have an Account, that there happened at Nova Colonia, a little before their Departure, ſuch a Hurricane as has ſcarce been heard of; all the Veſſels in the River periſhed without Diſtinction, the Water left its Channel for ſeveral Days for two Leagues, but the Waters afterwards returning into their Bed, left behind upon the Meadows which they had overflowed, ſuch prodigious Quantities of Fiſh, that the Governor was forced to employ all the Inhabitants of the Province to throw them into the Sea, to prevent their infecting the Air by their Stench.

This Day are publiſh'd,

The SIXTH EDITION, *of*

ESSAYS on ſeveral Moral Subjects. In Three Parts, viz.

I. Upon Pride, Cloaths, Duelling, General Kindneſs, and the Weakneſs of Human Reaſon.

II. Of Fame, Muſic, the Value of Life, the Spleen, Friendſhip, and Popularity, a Thought, of the Entertainment of Books, Confidence, Envy, againſt Deſpair, of Covetouſneſs, Liberty, Old Age, and Pleaſure.

III. Of Pain, Revenge, Authors, Power, Infancy and Youth, Riches and Poverty, Whoredom, Drunkenneſs, Uſury, Solitude, Diſcontent, and Gaming.

By JEREMY COLLIER, *M. A.*

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This Day is publiſh'd, Price 1 *s.*

PART II. *of*

LIBERTY and RIGHT;

OR,

An ESSAY; Hiſtorical and Political, on the CONSTITUTION and ADMINISTRATION of *Great-Britain.*

Humbly offer'd to the Conſideration of every Man, but more eſpecially to the Conſideration of the ELECTORS and FREEHOLDERS of Great Britain, and their REPRESENTATIVES in Parliament.

Ut enim tutelæ ſic procuratio Reipublicæ, ad utilitatem eorum qui commiſſi ſunt, non ad eorum quibus commiſſa eſt, gerenda eſt. CIC.

Qui autem parti civium conſulant, partem negligunt, rem perniciosiſſimam in civitatem inducunt, ſeditione atque diſcordiam; ex quo evenit, ut alii populares, alii ſtudioſi optimi cujuſque, videantur; pauci univerſorum. *Idem.*

Sold by J. ROBINSON in Ludgate-Street, and G. STRAHAN at the Golden-Ball, oppoſite to the Royal Exchange; alſo at all the Bookſellers and Pamphlet-Shops in London and Weſtminſter.

Where may be had, Part I.

N. B. The above is enter'd in Stationers-Hall.

BANKRUPTS.

Richard Jackſon, of St. Clement Danes, Oilman.
John Baker, of Leadenhall-ſtreet, Woollen-draper.
John Edmonds, of London, Silkman.
H. Fenwick, of St. Botolph without Aldgate, Diſtiller.
William Cherry, of St. Ann, Weſtminſter, Fanmaker.

This Day is publiſhed,

The SIXTEENTH EDITION *of*

ONANIA: Or, The Heinous Sin of Self-Pollution and all its frightful Conſequences (in both Sexes) conſidered, with Spiritual and Phyſical Advice to thoſe who have already injured themſelves by this abominable Practice.

As alſo the SIXTH EDITION of the SUPPLEMENT to it, both of them Reviſed and Enlarged, and now printed together in One Volume.

And as the ſeveral Paſſages in the former Impreſſions, that have been charged with being obſcure and ambiguous, are in theſe cleared up and explained, there will be no more Alterations or Additions made to them.

Theſe Editions contain ſome further and ſurprizing Inſtances of the Miſchiefs by that filthy, ſinful Commerce with ones ſelf which is ſo notoriouſly practiſed, as well by the Adult as Youth, Women as Men, Married as Single, to the weakning their Generative Faculties, and hindering Procreation, as their Letters of Complaint to the Author herein inſerted, ſhew.

And, amongſt others, a curious Letter from a Lady, with his Anſwer to it, concerning the Uſe and Abuſe of the Marriage-Bed; together with divers Cathiſtical and other Letters from both Sexes, of ſome ſecret unnatural Exſtminacies, neceſſary to be known both by the married and ſingle of each Sex.

To which is added,

A Curious PIECE tranſlated out of the Latin, from L. S. SCHMEDIER, as it is inſerted in the Acta Lipſienſia; concerning the Return of the Seed into the Maſs of Blood; well worth the Peruſal of Phyſicians, Surgeons, Anatomiſts, and all others of Art and Curioſity.

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Likewiſe Dr. DRAKE's and ſeveral other Phyſicians Opinions of Hermaphrodites, and Women brought to a Reſemblance of them, by the Practice of Self-Pollution, as was the Caſe of a young Lady of 18, whoſe well wrote Letter to the Author, deſcribing and lamenting her Condition, is (in order to deter others) inſerted

A very grave and learned Divine and Phyſician having peruſed this Diſcourſe, before it went to the Preſs, returned it with his Opinion of it in theſe Words

'This little Book ought to be read by all Sorts of People, 'of both Sexes, of what Age, Degree, Profeſſion, or Condition 'ſoever, guilty or not guilty of the Sin declaimed againſt in it.'

Is now ſold (Mr. ISTAN, Bookſeller, at the Golden Ball, in Fleetſtreet being dead) by CHARLES CORBETT, Bookſeller, at Addiſon's Head, oppoſite St. Dunſtan's Church, Fleetſtreet, and by HENRY COOK under the Royal Exchange. Price Bound 3 *s.* 6 *d.*

The moſt wonderful cleanſing and ſtrengthning Drops for all Sorts of Gleets, and Seminal Weakneſſes and Imbecilities of the Generative Parts and Faculties, preventing Miſcarriages in Women; and to cleanſe and ſtrengthen the Reins, Kidnies and Bladder, cure weak Backs, Stranguries, Gravel, and Stoppage of the Urine, and for which it has gained ſuch Repute, that near 20000 *Bottles have been ſold ſince April* 1734, *that they were firſt publiſh'd.*

THESE incomparable Drops, which for the abovelaid Diſorders are not to be equall'd in the whole Art of Medicines were preſcrib'd by the late Dr. Ratcliffe, for a certain noble Lord, who for a long Time had been vex'd with an old obſtinate Gleet and Weakneſs, of which he was cured by them in a few Days, beyond all Expectation, after he had been harraſs'd with Electuaries, Boluſſes, Pills, Potions, Injections, and a hundred other Medicines, for many Months together in vain.

The Apothecary who prepared them for him according to the Doctor's Preſcription (which he has ſtill upon his File) has made Uſe of them ever ſince to Numbers of People in the very worſt of Gleets, ſeminal and genital Imbecilities and Infertilities, Pains in the Back and Reins, Diſorders of the Urine and Gravel, &c. with the utmoſt Succeſs and Safety; as alſo in all Weakneſſes from Strains, as well as Venereal Relicts, exceſſive Coition, Self Pollution, ſeminal Emiſſions in Sleep, Falls, Blows, Wrenches, and the like, in both Sexes.

And as they have never once failed him, even in Caſes thought to be incurable, he now, for general Good, has made them publick: And that the meaner Sort of People might partake of the Benefit of ſo divine a Remedy as well as the Rich, he has put them up in Bottles of but 3 *s.* 6 *d* each, tho' for the Excellency of their Effects they are worth their Weight in Gold, more eſpecially as one Bottle of them generally cures, even in the moſt draining Gleets, and grievous Relaxations and Weakneſſes of the Seminals and Genitals, as alſo of the Back and Reins, that are.

Nor can there be prepared, by any Art or Skill, a more cleanſing and healing, or a more ſtrengthening and invigorate ing Medicine, or one that can more effectually cure Impotency, or promote Fertility, than this, as every one that but once tries it will ſay, by their ſoon finding the Difference between this and other Remedies; for it will do more in one Day towards reſtoring in theſe Weakneſſes than any others can in ten, and is of ſo corroborating a Nature that it may be entirely rely'd upon for curing perfectly and firmly, without Fear of Relapſe, even in the tendereſt Conſtitutions, which can hardly be ſaid of any other Medicine; and it is withal ſo elegantly pleaſant to the Palate, and ſo agreeable to the Stomach that the niceſt Perſon is delighted with it.

Mr. Weſt, Goldſmith, who us'd to ſell theſe Drops being dead, they are now Sold only by his Son in Law, Mr Johnſon, a Baker, at the Seven Stars, in Vere-ſtreet, near Clare Market, ſealed up, with Directions, for any Meſſenger upon asking only for a Bottle of Drops, and paying 3 *s* 6 *d.*

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THE only short and most infallible CURE in the Universe for the *Venereal Disease* from the slightest Infection to the most extreme and deplorable Degree of it, even when the Blood and Juices are thoroughly contaminated with its malignant *Virus*, and the very Bones are affected with it.

Fresh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their attendant Symptoms, tho' ever so severe, are entirely carried off by it in a few Days, and so as effectually to prevent the Blood and Juices from being tainted with any remaining Relicks, on one Hand, or a feminal Gleet, or Weakness, to happen on the other.

And the most inveterate Degree of the *French Illness*, attended with nocturnal Pains, universal Breakings-out, and all other the most exasperated Symptoms, are soon overcome by it, and effectually and much more safely cured than by Salivation, Inunction, or any other Method whatever, and in so easy and pleasant a Manner, without impairing Strength, or occasioning any Inconvenience, as loudly to bespeak it the only apposite Remedy, or true *Venereal Antidote* in the World, and this some Thousands have, to their great Joy, experienced.

It is pleasant to take, occasions no Sickness or Disorder, nor requires Confinement, but may be taken, and the Cure be accomplished, without the Knowledge of the nearest Friend.

Those who suspect they have received an Injury may, by only a Dose or two of it, be perfectly freed from all Apprehensions; for it suffers no lurking Venom to lie hid in the Body, but wholly extirpates it, Root and Branch, in a gentle, easy, and most effectual Manner.

All such, likewise, as doubt they have some remaining Relicks of former Injuries, may, by a few Doses of it, entirely free themselves from all Suspicions of that Kind; for it admits of no Foulness, Corruption, or Putrefaction whatever, to remain in the Fluids, or to adhere to the Solids; and, on that Account, in all Scorbutick, Scrophulous, and even Leprous Eruptions, or Foulnesses of the Skin, or glandulous Swellings, and Impurities of the Juices, it does more by one Dose than any other Medicine, yet known, can by ten.

The Price of this most noble *Anti-Siphylicon* is but six Shillings a Pot, which, considering its extraordinary Efficacy, one Pot only being sufficient, in most Cases, to accomplish the Cure, is not a tenth Part of its Value; and is appointed by the Author to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toy-shop, at the Rose and Crown, against St. Clement's Church-yard, in the Strand, ready sealed up, with a Book of Instructions, by the Perusal of which all Persons who were ever affected with any Degree of the *Venereal Disease* may perfectly understand their own Condition, and certainly know when, and when not, the *Venereal Poison* is entirely rooted out of their Bodies. Note, *Ask only for a Six Shilling Pot for the Scurvy. No Letters answer'd, unless Post-paid.*

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ALL judicious Physicians and Surgeons allow, *that nothing is more difficult to cure than Stubborn Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses whether occasion'd by too severe purging for Venereal Injuries, violent Strains, Pollutions, or any other Cause whatever; and that they are dangerous in their Consequences, as well as difficult to cure, is as certain since they exceedingly weaken the Generative Faculties, infeeble whole Nervous System, often bring on Hectick Heats, a Pain on the Back, or Consumption of the Back, or an Atrophy or Nervous Consumption, which frequently terminate in Death itself.*

All such therefore who have the Misfortune to be troubled with Old stubborn Gleets, Seminal Effusions, Involuntary Emissions, excessive Nocturnal Pollutions, or any Weakness of the Kidneys, Ureters, or Bladder, the Diabetis, Incontinency of Urine, or Difficulty of holding their Water, would doubtless be glad to meet with a certain, safe and speedy Cure, which they most assuredly may, by the taking only a small Quantity of a transcendent Balsamick Restrictive Electuary, now publish'd for a general Good, after having for many Years in private Practice been experienced never once to fail perfectly curing the most stubborn Gleet, known, in a few Days, without Difficulty or Trouble; as also all other Weaknesses of the Back, Reins, Seminal Vessels and Urinary Passages, which it almost instantly cures, bringing to rights and restoring all those Parts and Passages to their natural Tone and pristine Vigour, in a very extraordinary Manner, and by taking a few Doses of it only.

This transcendent Balsamick Restrictive Electuary is neither disagreeable to take, nor occasions the least Disorder, but is a wonderful Restorative in all Weakness and Decay of Constitution of any Kind, and particularly strengthens the Back, Reins, Seminal and Urinary Vessels, to an immense Degree, insomuch that in any Debility of them, one Dose of it does more than ten of any other Remedy yet found out; and all Persons fatigued with Gleets or Seminal Weaknesses of any Sort, or Weakness of the Urinary Vessels, who take it, will in three Days time find it so very effectual, that they will be most agreeably surprised at it.

When a Medicine will infallibly accomplish such a safe, speedy and perfect Cure of such difficult Maladies, as Gleets and Seminal Weaknesses are, as this Great Remedy truly and directly will, even after all other Means and Medicines have been try'd in vain; too much cannot be said in Praise of it, and this all who ever took it for any of the above mention'd Purposes, have readily declared.

The Price is but 6s. a Pot, altho' for its absolute Efficacy, one Pot alone being sufficient in most Cases to accomplish a Cure, worth ten times as much, and by the Author's special Appointment, is to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toy-shop at the Rose and Crown against St. Clement's Church Yard in the Strand, ready sealed up, with a Book of Instructions, which whomsoever carefully reads will be complete Master of his own Case, and perfectly know, when the Gleet or Weakness he is afflicted with succeeds a Venereal Injury, whether all the Malignity of the Venereal Disease is intirely extirpated or not. Note, Ask only for a 6s. Pot of Balsamick Electuary. No Letters answer'd, unless Post paid.

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CONTINUES to Sell, in the same Manner his Late Father did, all Sorts of COLOURS, ready prepared (at the lowest Prices) that any Gentlemen, Builders, &c may set their Servants or Labourers to Paint their Houses, only by the Help of a printed Direction, which he gives with his Colours.

He likewise sells to the Ladies all sorts of WATER COLOURS and VARNISH with every thing necessary for the New Japanning; and gives a printed Direction, for the doing of it to the greatest Perfection, to those that buy Colours. Also Italian Powder for cleaning Pictures, and fine Picture Varnish.

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The so much fam'd and most pleasant Chymical DROPS.

WHICH, without the least Trouble, Confinement, or any Disorder whatever, most once strike at the true Cause of the Scurvy, and entirely destroy it, and all Scorbutick Humors and Effects, Root and Branch, so as never to return again, as many Thousands of both Sexes have experienced, and as all who take them, in Three Days Time are convinced; for they almost instantly alter the morbid State of the Juices, purify the Blood, sweeten all the Fluids, cleanse them from Impurities, and directly clear the whole Habit from all Spots, Blotches, black and blue Marks, Itchings, foul Eruptions or Breakings out, Weakness of the Limbs, languid Heaviness of the whole Body, wandering Pains, Weakness of the Back, and all the vast Variety of Symptoms by which the Scurvy imitates and often lies conceal'd under the Appearance of the Rheumatism, and many other Distempers.

And for strengthening the Stomach, immediately creating a good Appetite, causing a regular and easy Digestion of Food, and curing all windy Effects and Disorders of the first Passages, (whence proceed Head Achs Vapours and other Indispositions) no Bitters, nor any other Medicine upon Earth can compare with them, insomuch that besides infallibly curing the Scurvy in all its Shapes and Appearances they effuredly and directly cure the Green-Sickness in Virgins, Worms of all Kinds, in Young or Old, and almost all other Chronick Diseases which are chiefly occasioned by Indigestion and flatulent Crudities in the Stomach and Bowels) and certainly prevent Fevers, Agues, and other acute Distempers.

They are wonderfully Cordial and Restorative, strengthen and enliven the whole Machine, and as soon as taken, make the Patient sensibly lightsome, brisk and vigorous to Admiration, and are good for all Sorts of Persons, to preserve as well as to procure a sound and healthful State of Body.

But the great Reputation these so much fam'd and most pleasant Chymical DROPS have so universally gain'd among Persons of Eminence, for their suddenly and infallibly curing the Scurvy and all Scorbutick Humors, and other Chronick Diseases, in such an easy and agreeable Manner, have occasioned many to imitate them, some under the same, and others under other Names; be careful therefore not to be deceived, but be sure to have the Right, which, by the Author's Special Appointment, are to be had only at the Gentlewoman's Rooms at the two blue Posts in Haydon Yard in the Minories, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with Directions.

The Royal BEAUTIFYING FLUID,

SO exceedingly valued by the Ladies of Quality, and all who have used it, for its transcendent Excellency in beautifying the Face Neck and Hands to the most exquisite perfection possible, is to be had only at Mr. RADFORD'S Toyshop at the Rose and Crown against St. Clement's Church-Yard in the Strand.

It gives an inexpressible fine Aire to the Features of the Face on the Spot, and a surprizing handsomeness to the Neck and Hands, which it immediately makes exceeding smooth, fine and delicately white.

Nothing in the World can sooner or more certainly take away all Sallowness, Redness, Spots, Pimples, Heats, Roughness, Morphews, Worms in the Face, Marks of the Small pox, Sunburn or any other Discolouring; nor remove all Wrinckles so perfectly; for it quickly makes the Skin become so incomparable fine, clear, plump, soft, and beautifully fair as to cause Admiration in the Beholders.

It really gives a most engaging resplendent Brightness to the whole Countenance, and causes sparkling Life, Spirit, and juvenile Bloom to reign in every Feature, and yet is nothing of Paint, but far exceeds it, by its bringing the Skin, whether of the Face, Neck or Hands, and tho' brown, red or rough, to a natural youthful Fairness, Smoothness and most charming Delicacy, which Paint only faintly imitates; neither is this Royal Beautifier prepared from the least Particle of Mercury, or any thing Metaline, but is perfectly Harmless and may be given inwardly even to Children. It has also a pleasant Scent, will not soil the finest Lawn, and is very agreeable to use.

But these its admirable Properties, by which it vastly exceeds any thing whatever for the like Purpose, have occasion'd many to imitate it under various other Names, beware therefore of such impositions; the true ROYAL BEAUTIFYING FLUID, that has given such universal Satisfaction to so many Ladies of Distinction, being only to be had at Mr. *Radford's* Toyshop at the Rose and Crown against St. Clement's Church-Yard in the Strand, as above-mentioned for 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with Directions, and no where else in England.

An infallible and instant Cure for DEAFNESS

THICKNESS of HEARING, PAIN, or NOISE in the EARS, &c. By the true, chymical, specifick DROPS.

WHICH infinitely excel all other Medicines ever offered to the Publick, or known in the whole World; for they directly cure Deafness, be it ever so bad, or of ever so long standing, and all Thickness of Hearing and Noise in the Ears, almost at once, and that after all other Means have failed, and without Trouble or the least Uneasiness, as many Thousands have experienced.

They Effectually remove all Pain occasioned by Cold, strengthen the Tympanum or Drum of the Ear, free the auditory Nerve from Obstruction, and infallibly cure all Defects of the Hearing Faculty almost in an Instant; causing those to hear exceeding quick and well, who were before in a Manner totally deaf.

Hundreds who were not able to hear a Drum when beat close by them, and therefore despair'd of being ever reliev'd, have been immediately and perfectly cured by them, to their great Joy and Admiration.

In a Word, they may absolutely be depended upon for the direct and infallible Cure of DEAFNESS proceeding from what Cause soever; but the great Esteem and Reputation they have deservedly gained for many Years past, have occasioned (as usual in such Cases) many Counterfeits to come Abroad. Beware therefore of such Impositions. These chymical and only true Specifick Drops being by the Author's Appointment, to be had only at the Gentlewoman's, at the Two Blue Posts in Haydon-Yard in the Minories, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle with Directions, and no where else in England.

The So-much Fam'd HYPO-DROPS.

WHICH in a few Days infallibly cure *Hypochondriack Melancholy* in *Men*, and the *Vapours* in *Women*, so as never to return again, be they ever so severe, or of many Years standing, and even when all other Remedies have prov'd ineffectual and that by immediately striking at the very Root or true Cause, as well as removing the Effects, of those perplexing Maladies and all their Variety of Symptoms, by which they mimick, by Turns, almost all the Diseases poor Mortals are afflicted with, and have their Rise from a depraved Appetite, vicious Ferment in the Stomach, and Indigestion of Food, whence proceed Crudities and flatulent or windy Disorders in the first Passages, ill Fumes, sour Belchings, Cholick, and Uneasiness in the Bowels; which Crudities offend the Nerves, and, by Consent of Parts affect the Head, and produce sometimes Giddiness, Dimness of Sight, confused Thoughts, pertinacious Watchings, troublesome Sleep, Frights, groundless Fears, and the deepest Melancholy with direful Views and terrible Apprehensions; at other times, Flushing Heats, Reachings, Faintness, Lowness and Sinking of Spirits and Palpitation of the Heart, Startings, Tremblings and Twitchings in the Limbs and other Parts, with many convulsive Disorders, sharp Pains, fix'd or wandering, Pain and Weakness in the Back, and other almost innumerable and grievous Symptoms, which miserably afflict vast Numbers of both Sexes.

All which Symptoms in their sharpest Paroxysms, these formed and most pleasant Drops, (which are Chymically prepared from the most valuable Specificks in the Mineral, Vegetable, and Animal Kingdoms, and exalted to the highest Degree of Perfection possible) instantly quell, and at the same time annihilate their Cause, directly bringing the Stomach into right Order, creating a good Appetite, restoring the Digestion, occasioning laudable Chyle and, of course, good Blood, Plenty of calm, free, and cheerful Spirits, a regular Circulation of all the Fluids, and Strength of Nerves; so that both Cause and Effects of Melancholy and Vapours are thoroughly removed by them, almost on the Spot, as the many Thousands of both Sexes they have perfectly cured, evince.

Whoever takes them for three Days only, will be sensible they are absolutely to be depended upon for an effectual and lasting Cure, and certain it is, that no Medicine upon Earth can equal them, be therefore sure to have the right Drops, which are to be had only at Mrs. Holt's, at the Cross-Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange in Cornhill, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with Directions, at large.

DIRECTORY, Given Gratis.

Green Hatch Holborn

IN Which, In the Chapter, Under the Title, Of The Beginning of a Venereal Injury, Any Venereal, or GLEET Patient, will Plainly See their OWN Case Exactly Described, To Know it Perfectly by without Any Farther Advice About it.

And How to Cure themselves Privately, Without Telling their Case to Any One. With The Famous Montpellier Little Easy Bolus, the Bignets of Only a PEA, to Take. And Which, Makes the Person Easy At Once, tho' Before, In Great Misery. And, Another Little BOLUS, Carries off a Venereal Infection, and Foulness of a GLEET.

The Success of this Peculiar Venereal Specifick Medicine is so Great, that Not One of the Numbers, that Daily Take it, Miss of having the Venereal Infection Carried off by it.

This being that Great Specifick Medicine, which, During the Many Years, it has been now Published, has Gained such a Reputation, On Account of it's Two following Properties.

Viz. That TWO Only of these most easy (being the Bignets of a PEA) to take Little Bolusses, in Common Venereal Injuries, And FOUR only of them in Worse Cases, Carry off a Venereal Infection, without Telling your Case, or Suspicion, Even to a Bedfellow.——So that,

What Other Medicines are Long About, and Betray the Person into the Bargain, This little Medicine performs a Shorter Way, without any Trouble, making the Person Easy At Once, tho' Before in Great Misery, So that Persons most Miserably Harrassed with a Running, Scalding of Urine, Cordee, Sores on the Urinary Part, &c have been Soon Privately Well by it.

Price Only 2s. Sealed Up, with Full Directions, Along with it, For Those who BUY it. But, It is GIVEN GRATIS,

Without Paying Any Thing at all, for it,

To Those, Mention'd in the Chapter, Under the Title, Of Having this Bolus GIVEN GRATIS, in the Above-mentioned Venereal Treatise,

Which is Given Gratis, At Dr. Russell's House,

In the Parlour, Strait Forward Facing the Entry, In at the GREEN HATCH, against Gray's-Inn, HOLBORN.

This Incomparable Little BOLUS, is the Only SHORT Cure of the Venereal Disease, ONE or TWO of them Performing a Cure, which Large Quantities of Other Medicines, Taken Before, could not do.

And This it is, that has, During the Many Years it has been published, Gained it such a Vast Reputation, and made it Daily so Esteemed, for its so Immediately carrying off a Venereal Infection, and the Foulness of a GLEET.—That

Not One of the Medicines Published for the Distemper come up to it, for so Short, Easy, and Private a Cure——That

Persons Harassed with a Troublesome Running, Smarting of Urine, Cordee, Pains, &c. have been so Very Soon Well by it, and No Body has Known Any thing of it.

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